1 (c) (i) Factorise $y^2 - 2y - 48$

(2)

(ii) Hence, solve $y^2 - 2y - 48 = 0$

(1)

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2 A bag contains *X* counters.

There are only red counters and blue counters in the bag.

There are 4 more blue counters than red counters in the bag.

Finty takes at random 2 counters from the bag.

The probability that Finty takes 2 blue counters from the bag is $\frac{3}{8}$

Work out the value of X.

Show clear algebraic working.

3 Solve $x^2 - 5x - 36 = 0$ Show clear algebraic working.

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 A particle moves along a straight line.

The fixed point *O* lies on this line.

The displacement of the particle from O at time t seconds, $t \ge 0$, is s metres where

$$s = t^3 + 4t^2 - 5t + 7$$

At time T seconds the velocity of P is V m/s where $V \geqslant -5$

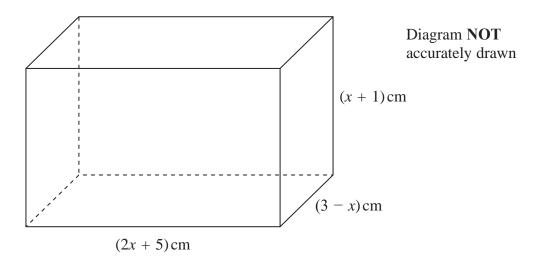
Find an expression for T in terms of V.

Give your expression in the form $\frac{-4 + \sqrt{k + mV}}{3}$ where *k* and *m* are integers to be found.

T =

(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)

5



The diagram shows a cuboid of volume $V \text{cm}^3$

There is a value of x for which the volume of the cuboid is a maximum.

(b) Find this value of *x*.Show your working clearly.Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

6 Triangle *HJK* is isosceles with HJ = HK and $JK = \sqrt{80}$

H is the point with coordinates (-4, 1) J is the point with coordinates (j, 15) where j < 0 K is the point with coordinates (6, k)

M is the midpoint of *JK*. The gradient of *HM* is 2

Find the value of j and the value of k.

 $j = \dots$

k =

(Total for Question 6 is 6 marks)

7 (b) Solve $x^2 - 3x - 40 = 0$ Show clear algebraic working.

(3)

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

8 (i) Factorise $x^2 + 2x - 24$

(2)

(ii) Hence solve $x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$

(1)

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

9 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = 3 - 2x$$
$$x^2 + y^2 = 18$$

Show clear algebraic working.

(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

10 Pippa has a box containing *N* pens.

There are only black pens and red pens in the box.

The number of black pens in the box is 3 more than the number of red pens.

Pippa is going to take at random 2 pens from the box.

The probability that she will take a black pen **followed** by a red pen is $\frac{9}{35}$

Find the possible values of N.

Show clear algebraic working.

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	7
	(Total for Question 10 is 5 marks)

11 Solve $x^2 - 21x + 20 = 0$ Show your working clearly.

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)

12 The functions f and g are defined as

$$f(x) = x^2 + 6$$
$$g(x) = x - 10$$

(b) Solve the equation fg(x) = f(x)Show clear algebraic working.

(3)

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

13 Solve the equation

$$\frac{5}{x+2} + \frac{3}{x^2 + 2x} = 2$$

Show clear algebraic working.

14 (b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 5x - 36$

(2)

(ii) Hence, solve $x^2 + 5x - 36 = 0$

(1)

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

15 A particle *P* is moving along a straight line.

The fixed point *O* lies on this line.

At time t seconds where $t \ge 0$, the displacement, s metres, of P from O is given by

$$s = t^3 + 5t^2 - 8t + 10$$

Find the displacement of P from O when P is instantaneously at rest.

Give your answer in the form $\frac{a}{b}$ where a and b are integers.

metres

16 (b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 8x - 9$

(2)

(ii) Hence, solve $x^2 + 8x - 9 = 0$

(1)

(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 Elliot has *x* counters.

Each counter has one red face and one green face.

Elliot spreads all the counters out on a table and sees that the number of counters showing a red face is 5

Elliot then picks at random one of the counters and turns the counter over. He then picks at random a second counter and turns the counter over.

The probability that there are still 5 counters showing a red face is $\frac{19}{32}$

Work out the value of *x* Show clear algebraic working.

18 (i) Factorise $x^2 + 5x - 24$

(2)

(ii) Hence, solve $x^2 + 5x - 24 = 0$

(1)

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

19 Here is a rectangle.

	Diagran
]	accurate
(x-1) cm	
	(x-1) cm

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Given that the area of the rectangle is less than $75\,\text{cm}^2$

find the range of possible values of x

(Total for Question 19 is 5 marks)

20 A particle P moves along a straight line that passes through the fixed point O

The displacement, x metres, of P from O at time t seconds, where $t \ge 0$, is given by

$$x = 4t^3 - 27t + 8$$

The direction of motion of *P* reverses when *P* is at the point *A* on the line.

The acceleration of P at the instant when P is at A is $a \text{ m/s}^2$

Find the value of *a*

a =

(Total for Question 20 is 5 marks)

21 (a) Factorise fully $18c^3d^2 - 21c^2$

(2)

(b) (i) Factorise $y^2 - 3y - 18$

(2)

(ii) Hence, solve $y^2 - 3y - 18 = 0$

(1)

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

22 The radius of a right circular cylinder is x cm.

The height of the cylinder is
$$\left(\frac{800}{\pi x} - x\right)$$
 cm.

The volume of the cylinder is $V \text{cm}^3$

Find the maximum value of V

Give your answer correct to the nearest whole number.

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	7
	(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)

23 (b) Find the x coordinates of the points on \mathbb{C} where the gradient is 4 Show clear algebraic working.

(4)

(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

24 The functions g and h are such that

$$g(x) = \frac{11}{2x - 5}$$

$$h(x) = x^2 + 4 \qquad x \geqslant 0$$

(b) Solve gh(x) = 1

(3)

(Total for Question 24 is 3 marks)